

# EPIDEMIC STILL THREATENING CITY

Two New Foci of Infection Discovered Yesterday.

## IS MANOA TARO AGAIN

One Case on Land Magoon Did Not Fill In as Board Ordered.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

Two new cases of cholera broke out yesterday in unexpected quarters, one of which is liable to prove very hard for the health authorities to handle. The first one reported yesterday, after a short hiatus of two days, was from "Magoonville," immediately makai of the Magoon block. The second appeared in the "Gold Mine," makai of Iwilei. These are probably the two filthiest districts in the city.

The latter case was listed first, becoming No. 5A, as being the first one officially proved to be cholera. The disease worked quickly and the man died in a few hours after his seizure. A number of the other Hawaiians living near fled at the first word of his sickness and are now scattered over Iwilei and the Palama tenements. It has been impossible to round them up and ascertain whether any of them have become dangerous contacts or not.

One of these was intoxicated, coming down to the police station and giving the first word of the case. The police immediately communicated with the board of health and instant steps were taken to put the district into as close a quarantine as possible.

The Magoonville case, No. 6A, as it is officially known, died late in the afternoon, being diagnosed as Asiatic cholera soon afterwards. This district has been easier to quarantine than the "Gold Mine," and the health authorities believe that there is no extraordinary danger from this last spot.

### Manoa Taro Again.

With continued and revengeful persistence the evidence gathered in each case is pointing directly to poi and the Manoa taro ponds. The Magoonville case secured his poi from the South street poi shop, which was permitted to remain open illegally by the former city physician and which has so far been responsible for three or four deaths out of the last six. This shop was one of the largest purchasers from the Manoa taro field, which has now been proved to be infected.

The evidence in the "Gold Mine" case was traced later, it being discovered that the man had secured his poi from a River street shop. This was a new one on the list of Doctors Currie and Clegg, who are doing the bacteriological tracings for the board of health, and inquiry was at once made at the shop. It was discovered that it, also, secured its poi from the Manoa pond.

This makes now four or five shops which have taken their taro from this place, all of which have distributed poi dealing death to two or more Hawaiians. With but few exceptions, every Hawaiian who has died from the disease bought his poi at a shop which secured its taro from Manoa.

Even if no other evidence was at hand, this much would almost absolutely condemn the Manoa pond in question as being the source of infection of the entire city. But the bacteriological evidence exclusive of the poi shop tracings, is becoming stronger. Suspicious vibrios were yesterday found in raw taro pulled from one of these ponds which is expected to prove to be cholera bacilli and the evidence will then be complete.

### Heavily Guarded.

Both Magoonville and the gold mine are heavily guarded. The former flanked on one side by warehouses, on the other by a well lighted street, is easily watched, and it will be almost impossible for anyone living within the quarantined confine to escape unnoticed by the guards.

The gold mine, however, presents a more difficult task as the settlement consists of nothing more than the flintiest of shacks, built on some reclaimed land and open on every side. On one side a thick grove of kiawe trees offers the most inviting chance for any of the Hawaiians now confined there to escape, and judging from their attitude yesterday afternoon, they were only waiting for nightfall to make the attempt.

The board of health, assisted by Sheriff Jarrett, has stationed twelve men about the place including several near the railroad wharf to halt any Hawaiian coming from that direction. There are still about one hundred Russians living at the gold mine, in quarters no better than those of the Hawaiians, but these are out of the quarantined area. The Russian and Hawaiian camps adjoin each other but as the inhabitants do not associate, it was thought unnecessary expenses and trouble include both camps.

### Magoon's Part.

The Magoonville case broke out on land which had been condemned by the board of health during the first part of the epidemic and ordered filled in but no attention was paid to the order. The place, with the possible exception of the Magoon block, is known to the health authorities and the police as being one of the filthiest spots in the city.

Both the Magoon block and Magoonville are the property of J. Alfred

# PROGRAM DOES NOT INCLUDE US

NOTHING HAWAIIAN BUT SUGAR IN SCHEDULE FOR EXTRA SESSION.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The Democratic caucus of the house has outlined the business that shall be considered during the extra session. The list does not include Hawaiian matters and apparently that ends it. Hawaiian legislation must go over till the regular session beginning early in December. The tariff is to be the big thing. That holds one item of interest to Hawaii—the sugar schedule. Apparently the sugar schedule is to be revised at this session, but there is nothing more definite about it now than heretofore. Perhaps the Democratic caucus to be held in a few days may clear the situation somewhat, as it is expected to decide upon the tariff revision program.

The Democrats of the house territories committee, which handles much of the Hawaiian legislation, will be Representatives Henry D. Flood of Virginia, William C. Houston of Tennessee, Benjamin G. Humphreys of Mississippi, G. S. Legare of South Carolina, Charles F. Boomer of Missouri, Rufus Hardy of Texas, John A. Martin of Colorado, James L. Davenport of Oklahoma, Edward E. Holland of Virginia and Richard E. Connell of New York. All in all, it is regarded as a pretty good committee. Its members are tolerably capable men. Only the last two are new in congress, although only Houston and Humphreys have served on the territories committee heretofore. The Republican membership has not been determined yet, but it is understood that the former chairman, E. L. Hamilton of Michigan, may not serve, as he prefers some other minority assignment.

It was a little exceptional to take an outsider and make him chairman, but those interested in Hawaii have nothing to regret in that action, as far as Representative Flood of Virginia is concerned. He has been in congress a long time and has a reputation for being industrious and fair as a legislator. While he may be new to many matters of Hawaiian legislation, Mr. Flood will undoubtedly give them careful study and will seek to advance only such legislation as is for the best interest of the public and also for the best interest of the Hawaiian Islands.

The senate committee on the Pacific Islands and Porto Rico is yet to be made up. The understanding at present is that Senator Richardson of Delaware will become chairman.

Delegate Kahanianale will accordingly have very little to do at Washington during the extra session. George McK. McClellan said today he expected the Delegate would soon be back in Washington, although he had heard nothing definitely from him in that regard.

### BETTER THAN A PLASTER.

For pains in the side or chest dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on over the seat of pain. There is nothing better. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Magoon, who has already ignored the board of health's orders regarding his property and who is scheduled for prosecution as soon as the board cleans up its present work. Magoonville consists of a number of little dirty shacks, in which Hawaiians, for the most part, live. Each shack yields a rental of probably from three to five dollars a month, to the coffers of Magoon, even when, as after a heavy rain, it is two feet under water.

### Trouble Coming.

"There has been all the temporizing that there's going to be," said President Mott-Smith of the board of health yesterday. "As soon as the board finishes up its work in stamping out cholera, or as soon as it gets a bit more time, it is going to start prosecutions against all these gentlemen who have refused to obey the orders given them under the law. Arrests are going to be frequent. We're tired of these methods."

Bitter and senseless attacks made on Mott-Smith and on the board of health generally by Hawaiians and others who were in a position to know better, when the board was doing everything in its power to stamp out the epidemic, has wiped out all desire for compromise among board officials. From the above statement and others it is very apparent that something lively is going to happen and every law on the books, some of which will hurt a lot of property owners in the high places, is going to be enforced.

The legislators have shown a curious apathy about the whole situation, except when a deputation of Hawaiians arrive at the house with a kick about poi, which has resulted in several resolutions ordering an investigation as to why the board dared shut down the poi shops when they never found any cholera bacilli in the poi itself. The resolutions have never been passed, the health committee of the house proving itself entirely capable to cope with this sort of horseplay.

Many of the legislators shake their heads wisely and state that they don't know how much of all this talk is bluff. Some said bluff, when they heard of the first new case of cholera, that they would refuse to give the board of health any more appropriations. Several of the committee clerks, whose reputation would hardly otherwise permit them to put themselves so much in the public eye, have publicly announced that "we" intend to fight these laws of health bills. And the streets still continue, while the mortality list grows longer.

# DR. WAYSON APPOINTED AS THE NEW CITY PHYSICIAN

Dr. Moore, Assistant—  
New Era in Health Department.



DR. J. T. WAYSON.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

"A new era in the health department" is the way Supervisor McClellan finished up a speech full of promise for good things, as far as that department is concerned, at the meeting of the board held last night. Instead of the one county and city physician, two will now look after the work, and there is also to be a nurse appointed to look after trivial cases that are too small to be attended to by the hospital. Doctors J. T. Wayson and W. L. Moore are the two appointed to the positions, the nurse to be appointed later.

"As far as the sanitation and health committee is concerned," said McClellan, "we feel that we want a city physician and also an assistant. This will mean that while one of them is at the office the other will be out and about the city. They will have fixed hours and will abide by them."

### For Unimportant Cases.

"We also propose to appoint a nurse. Up to the present time all cases were sent to the hospital irrespective of whether they were serious enough to be taken in or not. We feel that there are times when people can be looked after at their own homes just as well as at the hospital. Under the new scheme the doctors on their rounds will, when they find anyone who is not sick enough to be taken away to the hospital, send the nurse to look after him. This applies to the police cases also. In cases of emergency they will be taken to the hospital and then after their wounds have been attended to they will be taken care of by the nurse from day to day.

"As far as the dispensary goes, under the present system patients have to go for their medicine and when they do so are often not in a fit state to make the trip. In the future they will stay at their homes and the nurse and doctors will bring them what they require."

"We intend to have the same corps of inspectors as in the past, but we will appoint one of them as chief. They will all be assigned to their respective posts and will have to make daily reports as to their work. These will be turned in either to the chief or to the doctors. I think you gentlemen will find that the department will be well taken care of in the future and that this will be the beginning of a new era in the department."

### New Doctor Appointed.

After the board had got through the routine work Supervisor Kruger presented a motion that Dr. J. T. Wayson be appointed as the city and county physician. This was agreed to and then ratified at a later period. His salary is to be at the rate of \$150 per month. A communication was then read from

the new appointee asking the mayor to consider the question of an assistant being appointed. Supervisor Murray asked the mayor to give his ideas on the subject straightway. This was more than Fern could do, however, and it was not until after some minutes of deep consultation with Secretary Rivenburgh that he agreed to the proposition. Further, he said that it would be better if he placed his wishes in writing so that it could go before the board in a proper manner and be placed on the minutes. The assistant's salary is fixed at not more than \$150 per month.

### On a Sound Footing.

This places the department on a sounder footing than it has ever been and also does not run the county into any more expense. Under the old system, Doctor MacCall was receiving over three hundred dollars, with all the extras counted in, and the county was only receiving the services of one man. Under the new regime there will be two competent doctors entirely free from any political bias, the joint salaries of whom only amount to three hundred dollars per month. The seventy-five dollars which constitute the salary for the nurse will just about bring the balance up to what the outlay was before.

### Kalihi Poi Factory.

A communication was placed before the board from the secretary of the Kalihi Taro and Land Company asking for permission to manufacture poi. McClellan reported that he had visited the place and had found that they had come up to requirements of the ordinance including the matter of screening. The board was unanimous in giving its consent.

### Screening Ordinance.

McClellan reported on the screening ordinance on which he was to have laid a report before the board. He had been so busy with other matters that he had not had sufficient time to go into the matter and the ordinance had been drawn up so roughly that it would want completely redrawing.

# NEW BUILDING PLANNED TO REPLACE OLD "VILLAGE SMITHY" ON FORT STREET

A fine, modern, two-story, fireproof building is planned to be erected on the Wakiki side of Fort street, above Hotel, where the "village blacksmith" shop now stands, directly opposite the new Pantheon block, in course of erection.

Within a short time all this section of the city will be greatly improved and the wooden buildings now in that vicinity will be replaced by modern structures.

Wm. Wolters, owner of considerable property in that section, also plans to erect a large building on the property known as the Rooke estate, and the Brewer estate, as previously announced, will build a very large and handsome office building on their Hotel and Union street frontages. The latter property was recently acquired from Bruce Cartwright.

The Pantheon block is now progressing rapidly and within a very short time will be an attraction to that busy part of the city.

# POLICE TO BE MADE SANITARY OFFICERS

In addition to the other changes in the health department of the city, Supervisor Harry Murray announces that a further change will in all probability be made. This is in connection with the police department and at the next meeting of the board a resolution is to be presented asking the members to appoint all the police officers ex-officio sanitary inspectors.

This is a thing that is customary in other towns and which Murray thinks should help out a great deal as regards keeping this town clean. The police are frequently going into places where the sanitary inspectors are not and they will be made inspectors in so much as they will have to report conditions noticed while on their patrol of the town.

# RECALLED MAYOR HAS STEPPED OUT

TACOMA, April 19.—Mayor Kaweah, whose desire to run this city as a wide open town resulted in his recall, yesterday stepped down and out of office with W. W. Seymour, the candidate of the Welfare League, being sworn in to fill the uncompleted term.

### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

# AMENDMENTS ARE NOT NOW LIKED

DELEGATE SAID TO DISAPPROVE OF THE ACTION OF CONGRESS.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

"The ways and means committee yesterday reported on the 'land bill' of its chairman, Senator George Fairchild of Kansas, recommending that it be tabled, and offering instead a substitute measure in the form of a concurrent resolution instead of a joint resolution, as it first appeared. Under the new guise it will be necessary for it to be passed only by each house, where, as a joint resolution, it might be killed by the Governor, either by veto or pocket veto. The report, however, strongly endorsed the plan.

From sections of the report and from debate on the floor of the senate yesterday, one of the whips which will be used to get the measure through the legislature will be the allegation that the amendments to the Organic Act which were made by congress last year relating to homesteading were not the amendments that the legislature asked for and that their application has resulted in failure to secure the good results the Territory was after. Fairchild objected to being handed a "lemon," as he termed it, by the national body.

Senator Hewitt arose, and while not opposing the terms of the measure, called attention to a certain clause in it which seemed to be a direct slap at the Delegate to congress, who, he pointed out, was elected during the last campaign on the strength of having got those very amendments through congress.

"If that is the gentleman's only objection," answered Fairchild, "I might say in reply that I was speaking to the Delegate yesterday and that he stated that he did not approve of the amendments that were passed."

It is not probable that any more opposition will be shown to this particular clause in the senate, as that explanation seemed to impress the house favorably.

Chillingworth offered the following amendment, which changes the tenor of the resolution considerably, but which Fairchild adopted as not affecting the main provisions of the bill:

"And provided, further, that at any time upon two years' notice having been previously given, after the first five years of any lease, the legislature may, upon the request of the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii, remove any of said lands from the operation of this act for the purpose of making the same available, at a value not less than the market value of same, to be placed thereon by three appraisers appointed by said legislature, under the law relating to homesteading."

The matter did not come to a vote, however, as Judd wanted more time to consider the provisions of the resolution as changed by the amendment. Action on it was consequently deferred until this morning, Fairchild asking for as speedy a vote as possible owing to the short time left of the session.

### The report, stated in part, as follows:

"The object of this resolution is, as was the one it replaces, to withdraw all of the developed public lands and waters from the operation of the Organic Act placing them in the hands of a commission for the purpose of making them render the maximum revenue in the interests of the education and health of the inhabitants of this Territory thereby removing them from the imminent danger of being lost to the people under the guise of homesteading at a fraction of their real value. This action is in accord with American principles under which 67,893,919 acres have been set aside in the various States and Territories."

"To the few ultra conservatives who oppose the passage of this resolution fearing it may be considered a radical or retrogressive step and be regarded by Washington as indicating an inimical attitude toward the homesteading of this Territory with white immigrants, attention is called to the fact that from our investigations we are inclined to believe that the withdrawal of all the developed lands and waters and the offering for homesteads of the undeveloped lands at nominal prices would result in the adoption of a safe, sane and sound homestead policy with the result that homesteading such as is desired will come more quickly than under the present law. We have evidence to warrant the belief that so long as the valuable revenue producing lands are subject to homesteading at a fraction of their value, there will be no pioneer homesteading of the 100,000 acres of undeveloped lands to which we urge the pioneer homesteader be given free access and every legitimate encouragement. One of the reasons why 1400 surveyed homesteads, comprising an area of 44,266.43 acres, are not taken up is due, in our opinion, to the fact that those desiring same do not want to forfeit their claim to homestead on valuable developed lands, by taking up one of the undeveloped homesteads."

"Remove this bar and we believe the homesteads now awaiting occupants will be taken up immediately. To those who oppose the resolution for fear of political consequences, we venture the opinion that the party which opposes the carrying into effect of this resolution will reap its reward and that which opposes will go down to defeat before a general election."

"From a financial standpoint there is everything to commend its passage. According to the Treasurer of the Territory the interest and sinking fund to redeem the present bonded indebtedness unless refunded will amount to \$125,000.70 a year. Add to this \$175,400.55 interest and sinking fund charges in the new loan of \$5,000,000 and the total annual charges against the revenue will amount to \$300,401.25. In the opinion of your committee the time has arrived when it is imperative that the Territory should show up its face and action might show up its face as the result."

"The commission of public lands reports that the following lands are now surveyed, opened and ready for homesteaders:

# ARMISTICE NOW PROPOSED IN MEXICO

Outgrowth of Fear Lest International Fuss Will Result.

## DIAZ TO STEP DOWN

Rebel Leader Says His Men Caroused and Lost Fight.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—As the result of the wounding of American citizens in Douglas, Arizona, the insurrection in Mexico may come to an end without further fighting and the insurgents may gain the main points for which they are contending.

Yesterday, Vasquez Gomez, the accredited representative of the Maderistas here, wired a suggestion to the Mexican government that an armistice be arranged, pending the submission of the insurgents terms of peace. Gomez, in his message, drew attention to the sentiment rapidly growing throughout the United States that America should intervene, this sentiment being the outgrowth of the indignation felt at the fatalities in Douglas during the Agua Prieta battle and the possibilities of further fatalities on American soil should Madero make his expected attack upon Juarez. He warned the Mexican government of the probability of international complications.

Last night he received a favorable reply to his suggestion of an armistice.

### Diaz Must Go.

It is rumored here that the terms Gomez has suggested as a possible way to end the revolution include the resignation of President Diaz within five months and the selection of De la Barra as provisional president pending a special election, to be held after the election laws have been revised.

### Booze Did It.

DOUGLAS, Arizona, April 19.—The battle of Agua Prieta came to an end yesterday, after having lasted eighteen hours and after the list of killed and wounded included nearly five hundred men. The rebel garrison, after its supply of ammunition had become exhausted, slipped out of the besieged town and fled. Colonel Juan Medina and his lieutenant in command crossing the American line and surrendering to the American troops.

The federals marched in and resumed possession of the town, reopening the river ports and reestablishing communication with this city.

In explanation of his defeat Colonel Medina last night stated that it was due altogether to the fact that his men had gained access to the deserted wine shops of Agua Prieta and had caroused in them instead of taking their places in the trenches.

### Madero at Baucha.

EL PASO, Texas, April 19.—General Madero and Orozco, his great guerrilla leader, at the head of a detachment of seven hundred troops, are reported to have appeared yesterday before the town of Baucha, twelve miles south of Juarez.

### No Intervention Now.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The required assurances from Mexico that no more Americans will be injured in border battles have been received. The President says it is not his purpose to intervene at present.

### Troops Kept at Home.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The departure of troops ordered to the Philippines has been postponed for six months. Future service in the islands will be two years and a half.

### New Peace Proposals.

CHIHUAHUA, April 18.—General Madero's father has gone to the field conveying peace proposals.

### Refined Advances.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Refined sugar has advanced ten cents a hundred.

reports that the following lands are now surveyed, opened and ready for homesteaders:

Hawaii	37,820.07 acres
Mau	4,308.29 "
Oahu	775.95 "
Kauai	2,601.92 "

Total 44,266.43 acres

"Within the unleased area of 796,962.57 acres of land, there are large areas of excellent arable land and undeveloped water. In the Kona and Kau districts alone over 30,000 acres of the best homesteading land which is to be opened up for agriculture should have been secured by the building of a railroad into this vast domain become law. Your committee is advised that homesteaders when opened up by a railroad that are the developed lands to be set aside by the resolution now under consideration, as they are capable of producing a greater variety of crops than any of the lands in the Territory."